

By 2025

- REDUCE LOW BIRTHWEIGHT TO 27.3%
- INCREASE THE RATE OF EXCLUSIVE BREASTFEEDING TO 75%
- INCREASE THE COVERAGE OF TREATMENT SERVICES TO 70% OF SAM CHILDREN (OUTPATIENT CARE), 60% OF SAM CHILDREN (INPATIENT CARE) AND 50% OF MAM CHILDREN (TSFP)
- IMPROVE CHILD HEALTH BY ACHIEVING UNIVERSAL HEALTH COVERAGE, INCLUDING ACCESS TO QUALITY ESSENTIAL HEALTH-CARE SERVICES FOR 70% OF THE POPULATION

OUTCOME 1
REDUCE LBW BY IMPROVING MATERNAL NUTRITION

SYSTEM	PRIORITY ACTION/SERVICE
HEALTH	Scale up provision of iron and folic acid and multiple micronutrient supplements for pregnant and lactating women with a special focus on areas with a high level of malnutrition Increase the number of pregnant women who attend ANC 4+ times during pregnancy Scale up of quality maternal and newborn care services, including EMoNC and ensure improved access and quality of ANC, delivery and PNC services Rehabilitation of moderate acute malnourished pregnant and lactating women to prevent morbidity and mortality associated with acute malnutrition Prevention of child marriage and adolescent pregnancy through actions at different levels including passing and enforcing legislation of the minimum age for marriage and community engagement related interventions
FOOD	Prevention of acute malnutrition among pregnant and lactating women through provision of Specialized Nutrition Foods during emergency to minimize the impact of the shocks Strengthen enabling legislative and policy environment for food fortification and implementation of universal salt iodization work plan
SOCIAL PROTECTION	Support convergence between nutrition and social protection programmes to enable vulnerable adolescent girls and women to access services and nutritious diet

OUTCOME 3
IMPROVED IYCF BY IMPROVING BREASTFEEDING PRACTICES AND CHILDREN'S DIETS IN THE FIRST YEARS OF LIFE

SYSTEM	PRIORITY ACTION/SERVICE
HEALTH	Promote optimal infant and young children feeding practices including early initiation of breast feeding, exclusive breastfeeding, timely introduction of proper and diversified complementary feeding Support proper integration of Early Childhood Development (ECD) activities & nurturing care into Nutrition Programming including promoting responsive feeding and early stimulation Support the enforcement of the maternity protection law including ensuring that working mothers are having sufficient maternity leave and lactating hours, so they are able to take care of their infants Supporting accelerating the endorsement of the national code of marketing of Breast Milk Substitute (BMS) and strengthen the monitoring on BMS code violation and handling BMS donations
FOOD	Support integrated nutrition, livelihood, resilience-building and food security project that aims to reduce stunting through targeting nutrition specific and nutrition sensitive interventions at key stages of the life cycle Enhancement of child nutrition through blanket feeding distribution response during emergencies to improve nutrition status Provision of specialized nutritious food to girls and boys from 6-23 months to enhance daily intake, and promotion of IYCF through food-based prevention of malnutrition approach
SOCIAL PROTECTION	Support the provision of social protection related activities including nutrition-purposed cash assistance to the most vulnerable HHs to contribute to the improvement of the health and nutrition status of children & mothers

OUTCOME 2
IMPROVED CHILD HEALTH BY IMPROVING ACCESS TO PRIMARY HEALTH CARE, WASH SERVICES AND ENHANCED FOOD SAFETY

SYSTEM	PRIORITY ACTION/SERVICE
HEALTH	Strengthen the integration of critical nutrition interventions into the package of health services as part of national health plans ensuring better access to services at PHC and community level Strengthen the integration between CMAM service delivery sites (OTPs/ TSFPs) with the different components of the Primary Health Care package of services at community and facility level Empower caregivers to monitor the healthy growth and the nutrition status of their children through user friendly anthropometric tools Support capacity development on Primary Health Care package of services to services providers at health facility & community level Support growth monitoring and growth promotion activities at facility, community and household level and strengthen their integration with IYCF interventions Provision of MNPs for girls and boys from 6-59 months to prevent morbidity and mortality associated with micronutrient deficiencies.
FOOD	Improve food storage and food handling at household level (food hygiene), with a focus on complementary and supplementary foods for young children
WASH	Support innovative approaches to integrate specific nutrition interventions with WASH at community & facility level such as upgrading health facilities with wash services Support the provision of hygiene kits for admitted malnourished boys & girls and their families Strengthen multisectoral collaboration between WASH and social safety nets.

OUTCOME 4
IMPROVED TREATMENT OF CHILDREN, PLW, PLWHIV WITH WASTING BY STRENGTHENING HEALTH SYSTEMS AND INTEGRATING TREATMENT INTO ROUTINE PRIMARY HEALTH SERVICES

SYSTEM	PRIORITY ACTION/SERVICE
HEALTH	Strengthen the integration and scale up of early detection and treatment for wasting in U5 girls and boys (severe and moderate) including IDPs, refugees and children in inaccessible areas as part of routine primary and secondary health care services Increase the capacity of community cadre (community nutrition volunteers, mother support group) to identify and refer children with wasting and follow their nutritional status Adopt, implement and assess the household MUAC approach (involving Caregivers/ mothers, fathers) to screen and refer cases for early treatment. Strengthen national health information and reporting systems including CMAM database, surveys and nutrition surveillance for improved health & nutrition programming Continue the advocacy efforts for the inclusion of Ready to Use Therapeutic Foods (RUTFs) into the National Essential drug List and for the long term integration of nutrition supply system into National Medical Supply Funds (NMSF). Strengthen partnership with private sector in RUTF/RUSF production, as a cost effective approach which is contributing in injecting/stimulating country economy Strengthen nutrition supply chain management system at all levels (proper forecasting, timely procurement, supplies transportation, warehousing, capacity development of key stakeholders, stock tracking & reporting etc.) Minimize the risk of infection for staff working in In-patient/outpatient nutrition centers and the community cadre through ensuring that frontline health workers and community cadre wear appropriate Personal Protection Equipment and follow proper hygiene protocols. Support innovative approaches to integrate CMAM related interventions with health, WASH & other related sectors at community & facility level Support capacity development of services providers at facility and community level on CMAM including the possibility to treat uncomplicated cases at community level through Community Health Workers (CHWs) if feasible.
FOOD	Explore innovative funding initiatives for the locally produced RUTF/RUSF, advocate for increased government contribution and strengthen quality control activities
SOCIAL PROTECTION	Support the provision of cash assistance to the most vulnerable HHs as part of family support programmes, including Mother and Child Cash Transfer Plus programme (MCCT+)